

Fire Response in Senior Care Facilities: Infrastructure Aspects

Fire and smoke can cause significant amounts of damage as well as potential injuries and deaths in senior care facilities. Several elements can contribute to the spread of fires and dangerous smoke and hot gases in the air, including oxygen deficiencies, flammable gases, plastics, volatile chemicals, and other hazards.

Senior care facilities are built to protect all residents, including those who are not capable of selfpreservation. Building construction and fire prevention codes, automatic detection systems, fire suppression systems, and training for staff members are all essential elements that facilities need to have in place to prevent fires. Additionally, knowing how to respond to a fire and/or smoke condition is paramount to avoid serious injuries and potentially death to residents, visitors, and staff members.

The following checklist focuses on numerous infrastructure aspects for fire prevention. Senior care facility leaders and staff members can use this tool to help assess their fire safety measures for these critical areas of a facility.

	Yes	No
Alarms, Fire Suppression Systems, and Sprinkler Systems		
Is a system in place to ensure alarms and fire suppression systems are tested and functional?		
Does your facility comply with local requirements for placement and maintenance of fire alarms, smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors, and fire suppression systems?		
Are alarms and detectors serviced regularly and continuously kept in working order?		

	Yes	No
Alarms, Fire Suppression Systems, and Sprinkler Systems (continued)		
Have wet-pipe, dry-pipe, and preaction sprinkler systems been tested and maintained?		
Are Interim Life Safety Measures (ILSMs) implemented when a fire alarm system or automatic sprinkler system is taken out of service?		
If an ILSM is in place, did staff members receive education before its implementation, and did they complete education sign-in sheets?		
Do staff members create and maintain documentation of any implemented ILSM?		
If an ILSM is in place, is an extra fire drill being conducted in the space?		
Are all fire department connections (FDCs) and fire hydrants uniquely identified on the campus and on an overall drawing?		
Do staff members ensure that nothing is hanging from sprinkler heads, sprinkler pipes, or smoke detectors?		
Do staff members ensure that sprinkler escutcheons are not painted and not sealed to the ceiling?		
Do staff members ensure that storage is kept 18" below sprinkler heads?		
General Safety		
Do staff members know where the oxygen zone valves are located, what areas they control, who is authorized to use them, and how to use them?		
Are the medical gas zone valve boxes easily accessible and not blocked?		
Are medical gas zone valve boxes correctly labeled with correct room numbers, not a range of numbers?		
Are fire alarm pull stations easily accessible?		
Are fire doors clear to allow closure and latching?		
Are exit doors kept clear and not blocked?		

	Yes	No
General Safety (continued)		
Are corridors and hallways kept clear with no storage?		
Can staff members see two exit signs in corridors?		
Do staff members ensure that resident rooms have sufficient space for their personal items, furniture, and assistive devices without creating fire hazards?		
Are cleaning solvents and oils properly stored?		
Are combustibles and flammable liquids stored inside an approved safety cabinet in indoor locations?		
Administrative Offices		
Are fire safety features checked regularly (fire extinguishers, exit lights, emergency lights, exit doors, smoke detectors) and free to access?		
Are work areas clean and clutter free?		
Are electrical circuits not overloaded?		
Do administrators review the fire safety plan and emergency action plan on a regular basis?		
Exit Doors and Routes		
Are all exit doors, exit routes, and essential pathways free of clutter and obstacles and not blocked (e.g., with watch beds, medication carts, linen carts, wheelchairs, workstations on wheels, housekeeping carts)?		
Are local/state regulations on locking doors and maintaining fire doors followed?		
Are all exit signs installed showing proper exit routes and correctly lit?		
Are all doors that do not provide egress marked with "NO EXIT" signage?		
Does each stairwell have appropriate signage indicating the direction of travel to the exit and level of exit discharge?		
Is the outside of each exterior exit door numbered or uniquely identified for emergency first responders' access?		

	Yes	No
Exit Doors and Routes (continued)		
Is emergency lighting provided in the means of egress?		
Are exit discharges maintained during adverse weather?		
Is the building exterior well lit, and is there sufficient outdoor shelter for residents if an evacuation occurs during inclement weather?		
Electrical and Lighting Aspects		
Does your facility ensure that electrical receptacles are not overloaded?		
Do electrical surge protectors/relocatable power taps meet UL 1363A, and are they properly mounted?		
Are surge protectors NOT used to provide power to appliances or daisy chained?		
If extension cords are needed, has facility maintenance/engineering been contacted to evaluate the electrical requirements and install a permanent electrical receptacle? (Extension cords should be used <i>only</i> in temporary situations.)		
Are electrical cords and plugs inspected regularly to ensure they are in good condition and show no damage, nicks, or frayed areas?		
Are staff prohibited from running electrical cords under rugs or carpets or overloading electrical outlets or extension cords?		
Do trained/licensed staff ensure proper maintenance of electrical wiring and equipment?		
Are all emergency lights installed correctly and tested?		
Does the facility ensure that no wires are exposed?		
Are staff members instructed to unplug devices after use?		
Have staff ensured that alcohol-based hand sanitizers are not mounted above electrical outlets?		

	Yes	No
Laundry Area		
Are washer and dryer lint filters cleaned after every load?		
Is the ductwork on these machines cleaned on a routine basis?		
Is the area behind the dryers inspected on a routine basis?		
Are electric tumbler motors kept free of dust and lint?		
Is the laundry area free from excessive amounts of lint build-up?		
Is a fire extinguisher in close proximity to dryers?		
Are fans turned off after every shift?		
Do staff members ensure that no mop heads are put into the dryers?		
Extinguishers		
Are extinguishers inspected each month to confirm proper working order?		
Are all extinguishers in the correct location?		
Are all extinguishers easy to get to with nothing blocking them or obstructing them from view?		
Are any safety seals missing or broken?		
Are any of the extinguishers damaged on the outside?		
Are any of the nozzles leaking, corroded, or clogged?		
Are pressure gauge readings in proper position?		
Are the instructions easily seen and legible?		
Are the extinguishers full (test by lifting and/or manually weighing)?		
Are signage and symbols above extinguishers?		
Are portable extinguishers that hang on the wall fully charged?		

	Yes	No
Extinguishers (continued)		
Are portable extinguishers type ABC?		
Are portable fire extinguishers selected, placed, inspected, tested, and maintained following the National Fire Protection Association Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers (NFPA10)?		
Shops, Fuel Tanks, Facilities Areas, Boiler Rooms, Mechanical Rooms, Electrical Rooms, Loading Docks, Storage Rooms, Trash Rooms		
Are fire extinguishers located by hazards in the above locations?		
Are spill kits located by the fuel tanks?		
Is there egress signage, and is the lighting well maintained?		
Are there bollards around fuel storage tanks/refueling zones?		
Is there an open area surrounding outdoor fuel tanks?		
Are storage buildings located at least 30 feet away from the facility, if possible?		
Does facility maintenance ensure that lawn mowers, grass trimmers, and snow blowers (if applicable) are properly stored?		
If any outdoor cooking on grills is taking place or any campfires are present, does facility maintenance ensure the safe use of propane gas, cooking oils, and frying as well as encouraging the use of wooden or steel cooking sticks?		
Kitchens		
Are kitchens monitored, especially during meal preparation times?		
Are grease and other flammable materials kept separate?		
Do staff ensure that grease and other flammable materials do not accumulate on kitchen equipment?		
Are flammable gas containers (e.g., cooking spray), liquids, oils, or other items stored far away from cooking equipment?		

	Yes	No
Kitchens (continued)		
Are flammable substances safely and securely stored in a flammable liquids cabinet?		
Are the appliances' grease traps emptied on a regular basis?		
Are grills and exhaust hoods inspected and cleaned regularly to ensure that nothing flammable/combustible can accumulate or fall into channels, cracks, and gaps?		
Is a Class K Extinguisher installed near the deep fat fryer/grill area?		
Is there signage to operate the wet chemical extinguishing system first before using the Class K extinguisher?		
Is there a manual shut-off valve for natural gas, and is it properly marked?		
Are kitchen hood nozzles heads kept clean?		
Is the manual activation valve for the cooking hood extinguishment system located within easy reach, not blocked, and clearly marked?		
Are the wet chemical extinguishing system discharge heads pointed toward cooking appliances as applicable?		
Are wet chemical nozzles covered to prevent grease accumulation?		
Facility Grounds		
Does facility maintenance ensure that vegetation is cut back around the perimeter of the building?		
Does facility maintenance ensure that conifer trees are removed or thinned out from the immediate area of the building?		
Does facility maintenance ensure that the grounds are mowed to about 100 feet around the perimeter of the building?		
Does facility maintenance ensure no outside burning takes place?		

	Yes	No
Facility Grounds (continued)		
Does facility maintenance ensure that a 100-feet-section of garden hose is available and connected to the hose bib?		
Does facility maintenance ensure that wood siding, cedar shakes, exterior wood paneling, and other highly combustible materials are treated with fire retardant chemicals?		
Smoking		
Does your facility conduct annual physical and cognitive assessments of residents who are permitted to smoke?		
Does your facility have supervised smoking areas?		
Do staff members have quick access to fire alarm pull stations?		
Do residents who smoke have quick access to fire extinguishers?		
Do residents who smoke have quick access to the facility's notification system?		

Resources

For more guidance on this topic, see MedPro's *Checklist: Fire Response in Senior Care Facilities.* Another helpful resource is the National Fire Protection Association's Codes and Standards.

This document does not constitute legal or medical advice and should not be construed as rules or establishing a standard of care. Because the facts applicable to your situation may vary, or the laws applicable in your jurisdiction may differ, please contact your attorney or other professional advisors if you have any questions related to your legal or medical obligations or rights, state or federal laws, contract interpretation, or other legal questions.

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