

Risk Management Mentor Program



Program Disclaimer

Modules

- 1. Risk Management Fundamentals
- 2. Enterprise Risk Management
- 3. Applications
- 4. Healthcare Providers
- 5. Clinical and Patient Safety
- 6. Legal and Regulatory
- 7. Claims and Litigation
- 8. Risk Financing



Topics

- Web links
 - Primary sources
 - Templates
 - Questions
 - Responses





Module 1 Risk Management Fundamentals



Risk Management Program

PEACE OF MIND

Objectives

Identify key elements of the risk management program

Understand essential risk management processes

Understand the role of the risk management professional

Identify strategic principles of the risk management plan

Key program elements





Key program elements

A written plan describing the:

- Program's purpose
- Guiding principles
- Goals & objectives
- Scope & functions
- Administrative & committee structure
- Monitoring & continuous improvement



Program goals

Enhance culture of safety initiatives

Improve patient safety

Improve staff safety

Mitigate risk exposure

Comply with regulatory agencies



Decision-making process

Examine risk Identify risks Analyze risks management techniques **Implement** Monitor & Select best selected evaluate technique technique



Identify risks – Formal sources

Closed claims data

Device reports and tracking logs

Employee satisfaction surveys

Event reports

Proactive risk assessments

Sentinel event data

Security reports

Health record review using occurrence screening and trigger tools

Safety culture surveys



Identify risks – Informal sources

Health record requests

Patient complaints & grievances

Accreditation & licensure survey reports

Personal inspections & walkrounds

Informal discussions with staff

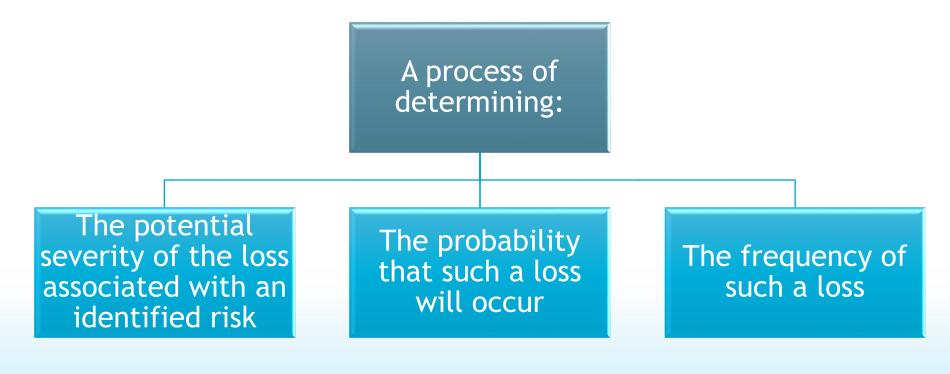
Hotline calls

Medical device recall & hazard notices

Committee minutes



Analyze risks



Examine risk management techniques

Risk avoidance - Eliminating risks

Loss prevention

- Education
- Culture of safety
- Leadership walkrounds
- Risk assessments
- Performance improvement participation
- Current laws, standards, and regulations

Examine risk management techniques



- Loss reduction
 - Adverse events
 - Disclosure
 - Fire alarm and sprinkler systems
 - Medical devices
 - Safe patient care

Examine risk management techniques

Risk financing

- Risk retentionpotentiallosses covered
- Risk transfer shifting financial risks

Monitor and evaluate for effectiveness

Effectiveness measured by:

Financial data

Claims activity

Repeated self-assessments

Event reports

Culture of patient safety surveys

Patient satisfaction data

Patient safety & performance improvement committee reports



- Scenario
 - Memorial Hospital is a community facility located 100 miles from the nearest tertiary care center and level three nursery. Services include emergency department (ED), surgery, med-surg, and obstetrics (OB).
 - Due to recent budget cuts, staffing has been minimized through attrition and restructuring.
 - Many nursing staff members have worked at the hospital for 25 years or more with newer nursing staff added over the past 3 years.
 - Patient volumes are steady from September through May; however, they double to triple during June, July, and August.



- Risk identification
 - Significant nursing shortages have been observed in the ED, OB, and med-surg during June, July, and August.
 - Due to location, agency staffing is not available.
 - During the months of May through August, a number of adverse patient events and near misses have been reported (formal sources).
 - A few adverse events have resulted in claims and litigation that have affected the hospital's financial status (formal sources).
 - Patient and staff complaints have been gathered along with informal discussions with frontline staff (informal sources).



- Risk analysis
 - Adverse events
 - ED: misdiagnosis of cardiac issues, fractures, and behavioral health
 - OB: postpartum hemorrhage, shoulder dystocia, and infant respiratory issues
 - Med-Surg: early recognition of sepsis, stroke, and medication errors
 - Near miss events
 - ED: wrong patient identification and medication issues
 - OB: improper scheduling of elective inductions and newborn identification
 - Med-Surg: lack of response to decompensating patients
 - Severity of each event, probability of occurrence, and frequency of occurrence



Risk techniques

- Loss prevention
 - Risk assessments
 - Leadership walkrounds
 - Culture of safety survey

Program development

- Teamwork building
- Cross-training



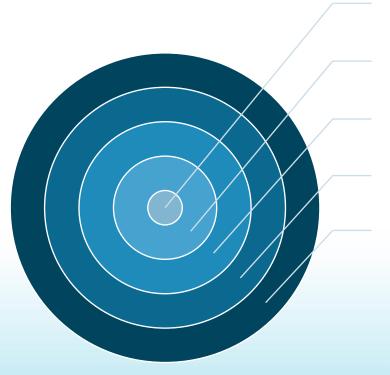


- Self-assessments
- Event reports
- Patient satisfaction surveys
- Culture of safety surveys
- Patient safety and performance improvement committee reports

Risk management professional's characteristics

- Maintain excellent interpersonal skills
- Be objective and discreet
- Identify potential losses
- Minimize losses
- Apply risk financing techniques
- Implement and monitor policies & procedures

Risk management professional's responsibilities



Culture of safety

Risk identification & assessment

Proactive activities

Compliance with laws & regulations
Compliance with standards



Risk management professional's role

Manage event reporting, investigation, and analysis

Coordinate disclosure

Investigate complaints and grievances

Oversee device recalls, tracking, and reporting

Risk management professional's role

Oversee safety and security

Educate leadership and staff

Participate in strategic committees

Develop an organization-wide program



https://www2a.cdc.gov/cdcup/library/templates/default.htm

http://www.tnpcaeducation.org/resourcelibrary/clinical/Quality%20and%20Risk%20 Mgmt%20Plan%20sample.pdf



Risk management plan

Plan
elements
include the
following:

Goals & objectives

Scope & functions

Administrative & committee structure

Monitoring & continuous improvement

Confidentiality

Governing board approval



• Guiding principles

Risk management and patient safety Just culture Practices and protocols Claims management Complaint resolution Confidentiality Management of adverse events **Event investigation** Proactive analysis Trend analysis



Governing body leadership

Institute authority

Support commitment

Delegate plan implementation

Goals and objectives





Scope and functions

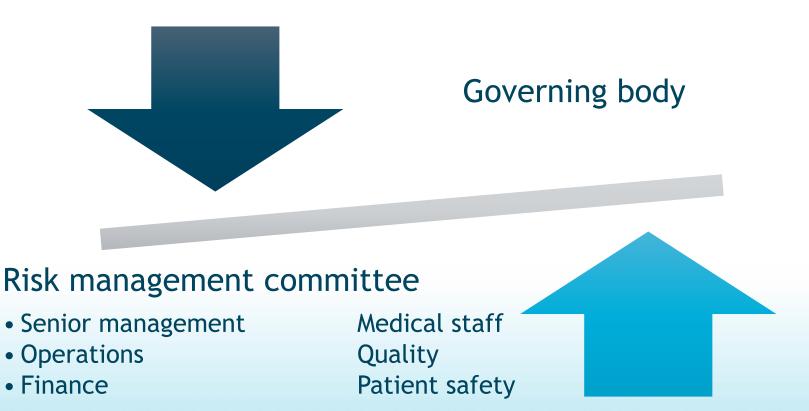
Environmental Corporate Administration safety and **Finance** compliance security Human Infection Information Nursing technology control resources Products and Quality and **Patient** materials process satisfaction improvement management



Scope and functions

Data collection, Claims Culture of Confidentiality analysis, and safety management trending **Environment of** Event oversight Loss prevention Complaints care Patient safety Physician and Risk staff education initiatives assessments

Administrative and committee structure





Risk management plan

Monitoring and continuous improvement



- Analysis of data
- Assessment of the program
- Reporting to the board

- Confidential and privileged documents
- Governing board approval



Resources

- American Society for Healthcare Risk Management. (2014). *CPHRM Exam Preparation Guide*. 3rd ed. Chicago, IL: ASHRM.
- American Society for Healthcare Risk Management. Overview of the healthcare risk management profession. Retrieved from http://www.ashrm.org/about/HRM_overview.dhtml
- Carroll, R. (Ed.). (2010). Risk Management Handbook for Healthcare Organizations. 6th ed. Hoboken, NJ: Jossey-Bass Publishers.
- ECRI Institute. (2009). Developing a risk management program.
- ECRI Institute. (2014). Patient safety, risk, and quality. Retrieved from https://www.ecri.org/components/HRC/Pages/RiskQual4.aspx?tab=1
- ECRI Institute. (2016). Sample job description: Clinical risk manager.
- ECRI Institute. (2010). Sample risk management plan for a community health center patient safety and risk management program. Retrieved from https://bphc.hrsa.gov/ftca/riskmanagement/riskmgmtplan.pdf
- ECRI Institute. (2014). Sample risk management plan for a patient safety and risk management program.
- ECRI Institute. (2014). The role of the healthcare risk manager: A primer.

Quiz question

In applying the basis for having a risk management plan, what value can it add to a healthcare organization?



Response

- Organizational value gleaned from a comprehensive risk management plan includes:
 - •Staff and leadership focus on common goals
 - Integration in processes throughout the organization
 - Open communication regarding risk management activities
 - Risk management that penetrates all aspects of the organization (i.e., enterprise risk management)
 - Staff and leadership accountability in protecting and promoting the organization



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